

BEST PRACTICES FOR QUALITY OF CARE Page 1



- Identify barriers and provide solutions i.e., transportation, extended clinic hours, immunization clinics.
- Identify existing barriers (i.e., access to care, cost, anxiety, embarrassment and fear, attitudes and beliefs, level of education, race/ethnicity, income and insurance coverage) to implement policy, procedural changes to increase the rate HEDIS measures, and other preventive screenings services.
- Use reminder notifications that immunizations are due and recall notifications that immunizations are past due.
- Develop strategies to prevent missed opportunities for preventive screenings and services.
- A Increase community demand to promote preventive services and screenings through patient reminders, small or mass media, group and one-on-one education.
- Conduct chart review to identify evidence of previous screening, services or exclusion.



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- Utilize patient-focused educational materials.
- Utilize open-ended questioning when engaging patient.
- A Complete pre-visit planning to identify all gaps and call the patient to come in.
- A Coordinate lab testing prior to the office visit so that results can be reviewed and treatment plans adjusted as needed.
- A Repeat abnormal lab tests later in the year to assess for improvement.
- A Communicate with members and other treating providers to ensure all tests are completed and documented results are shared with the team.
- **Establish process for obtaining laboratory results from other providers participating in the patient's care.**
- Consider offering extended practice hours to increase care access.



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- A Remind patients of their appointment by making calls or sending texts.
- A Refer uncontrolled diabetics to clinic care coordinator, if available, or case management services.
- Determine reason for open care gaps.
- **Establish** agreements between practice and specialists to provide arrangements for the exchange of information.
- Indicate the type of information that will be provided when referring patients and expectations (i.e. timeliness, content of response) from the specialist.
- A Repeat BP reading during an office if the initial readings are high; monitor BP status at each visit and adjust medications as needed for control.
- A Reference the CDC Immunization Vaccine Schedule: www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules