



## Required Contracting Documents

### New Behavioral Health Network Provider Packet

Welcome to the Trillium Health Resources Behavioral Health Provider Network. This packet consists of forms needed to generate your contract, grant your agency access to Trillium’s business and training platforms and set up your agency in the claims processing and payment system.

Please complete each form in its entirety and return to the staff who sent it to you. Failure to return or complete all sections of the forms will cause delays with accessing Trillium platforms, submitting treatment authorizations and claims, and receiving reimbursement.

Please check off each completed document to ensure they are all included when returned. This form will serve as a cover sheet for the following:

- Provider Direct System Administrator Designee Request Form
- Trading Partner Agreement
- Authorization Agreement for Automatic Deposit
- W-9
- Voided Check or Letter from Depository Bank
  - To ensure payments are applied correctly, Trillium Finance requires your deposit account information that is found on a voided check or bank letter.

Authorized Signer Information	
Trillium uses Concord, a contract management platform, for electronic signature. To ensure an expeditious signing process, please provide the following information for the authorized signer of legal documents for your organization.	
Name & Title:	Email:

Thank you for taking the time to complete and return this information. Trillium recognizes that our success in managing these services depends upon the providers in our network, and we look forward to our ongoing collaboration.



Transforming Lives. Building Community Well-Being.

# Provider Direct System Administrator Designee Request Form

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## RESPONSIBILITIES

This form is to be used for requesting access to Provider Direct system as System Administrator. Please note as a System Administrator you have certain responsibilities in TBS Provider Direct.

These responsibilities include:

- 🌱 Creating logins, deactivating logins and assigning security roles for your staff
  - 🌱 Ensuring staff complete online trainings as they relate to their role within your organization
  - 🌱 Conducting periodic audits of user login accounts
  - 🌱 Conducting cleanup of un-submitted/returned records that are no longer valid
1. It is the responsibility of the Provider Agency to ensure they have a current and active Trading Partner Agreement on file with Trillium Health Resources.
  2. It is the responsibility of the user requesting access to Provider Direct to complete the required Provider Direct System Administrator training on [Provider.MyLearningCampus.org](http://Provider.MyLearningCampus.org) (Trillium’s online training platform) and submit that certificate of completion with this request.
    - 🌱 To request initial access to our training platform, please [complete the form found here](#).
    - 🌱 For more information or questions regarding gaining access to [Provider.MyLearningCampus.org](http://Provider.MyLearningCampus.org) to complete the training, please reach out to [TrainingUnit@TrilliumNC.org](mailto:TrainingUnit@TrilliumNC.org).
  3. Each provider organization should have a minimum of 2 system administrators, except in the case where the organization consists of 1 staff member such as an LIP. Larger organizations may have up to a maximum of 4 system administrators based on the number of staff.
  4. It is the responsibility of the provider organization to immediately notify Trillium Health Resources when a System Administrator leaves the organization so that user ID can be terminated.
  5. According to HIPAA (Health Information Portability and Accountability Act) regulations, access to enrollee information is on a “Need-To-Know” basis. It is the responsibility of the provider organization to access only individuals who are enrolled with that organization. It is unethical and against HIPAA regulations to access any other person's information.



6. It is the responsibility of the provider organization to ensure accurate and valid data input.
7. It is the responsibility of the provider organization to maintain the computers that have the capacity to perform these functions for its users. Trillium Health Resources is responsible for ensuring the systems are working properly and connectivity to the systems can be established. The internet access is a secure connection for both of these sites.
8. Internet access with a minimum speed of 3 megabits per second and acceptable browsers to be used with Provider Direct are:
 

🌱 Current version of Google Chrome	🌱 Current version of Apple Safari
🌱 Current version of Microsoft Edge	🌱 Current version of Mozilla Firefox
9. Virus protection software which updates automatically on a daily basis is required on the computer being used to connect with Trillium.
10. Any infraction of this agreement can result in the removal of the ability for the user to access Provider Direct.

### **PROVIDER ORGANIZATION INFORMATION**

It is important that you designate two system administrators who will be responsible for creating user logins for Provider Direct users that work for your organization. Please return this form to [PDsupport@TrilliumNC.org](mailto:PDsupport@TrilliumNC.org) or FAX to 252-215-6874

Agency Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Provider #: \_\_\_\_\_

\* The Provider # in PD; if you do not know that number, leave it blank.

Agency Address: \_\_\_\_\_

City: \_\_\_\_\_

## SYSTEM ADMINISTRATOR INFORMATION

System Administrators are restricted to **employees of your agency**. Third party billers/staff **cannot be designated** as System Administrators for your login accounts.

SYSTEM ADMINISTRATOR NAME		SYSTEM ADMINISTRATOR'S CORPORATE EMAIL (This must be a unique email account, not shared)	
System Administrator's Preferred email - alerts & password resets ( <i>not shared</i> )			Telephone
If you forget your password and need to have it reset, we will ask you for the answer to one of the following secret questions. Please answer <u>at least one</u> of the following questions			
1. What is your favorite pet's name?			
2. What city were you born in?			
3. Who was your first boy/girl friend?			
By signing below, I agree to the responsibilities on the first page.			
Staff Signature:			Date

Is the staff listed above replacing a previous/current System Administrator?  Yes  No. If Yes, please identify the System Administrator who is being replaced in the boxes below. Please be aware that the logins associated with the person(s) listed below will be made inactive.

NAME	COMPANY EMAIL	TELEPHONE

## SIGNATURE APPROVING AUTHORITY

*NOTE: This form will not be processed without the signature of the Organization Owner/Supervisor below.*

The undersigned acknowledges that he/she is duly authorized to execute this form on behalf of Provider and is authorized to bind Provider to the responsibilities set forth herein. If the System Administrator leaves your agency, you are responsible for immediately notifying Trillium so the permissions will be terminated.

Authorized Agency Officer Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Officer Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Officer Telephone: \_\_\_\_\_ Officer Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

This document constitutes an agreement to the following provisions for exchanging Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) between the Trading Partner, \_\_\_\_\_, and Trillium Health Resources ("Trillium"). Trading Partner and Trillium are at times referred to herein collectively as the "Parties" and each individually as a "Party."

**The Trading Partner agrees:**

1. To conform to the requirements for *Administrative Simplifications* as defined in the provisions of the *Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) of 1996 (P.L. 104-91)*, and regulations promulgated there under and to take no action which adversely affects Trillium Health Resources' HIPAA compliance.
2. That it will promptly notify Trillium Health Resources of any and all unlawful or unauthorized disclosures of confidential information, including any production data transferred between the Parties, or protected health information (PHI) that comes to its attention and will cooperate with Trillium Health Resources in the event any litigation arises concerning the unauthorized use, transfer, or disclosure of either confidential or protected health information.
3. That it will use sufficient security procedures to ensure that all transmissions of documents are authorized and protect all participant-specific data from improper access, use or disclosure.
4. That it will ensure that all files transmitted comply with the appropriate national Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) Transaction Set Implementation Guide, effect on the date of transmission, as provided by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) of 1996.
5. That it will establish and maintain procedures and controls so that information concerning Trillium Health Resources health plan participants, or any information obtained from Trillium Health Resources, including production data, shall not be used by agents, officers, or employees of the Trading Partner other than for its sole intended purpose.
6. That the information stated in any EDI Trading Partner Profile(s) submitted with this Agreement, or subsequently, is correct and complete and that such submission is an attestation of such.
7. That it will inform Trillium Health Resources 30 days after receipt of written notice from the provider if there is any change in the trading partner representative or location where electronic transactions are sent.
8. That it is bound by written agreement with the provider to comply with state and federal law, if the trading partner is an intermediary for the billing provider.

9. The Trading Partner agrees to conform to minimum system requirements in order to access the Provider Direct Software Module. The minimum system requirements are subject to change.

- ▲ Internet Access: Minimum speed of 3 megabits per second

- ▲ Supported Web Browser: Current version of Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox, Microsoft Edge, or Apple Safari

### **TRILLIUM HEALTH RESOURCES agrees:**

1. To conform to the requirements for Administrative Simplifications as defined in the provisions of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) of 1996 (P.L. 104-91), and regulations promulgated there under and to take no action which adversely affects the trading partner's HIPAA compliance.
2. That it will use sufficient security procedures to ensure that all transmissions of documents and data, including production data, are authorized and protect all participant-specific data from improper access, use or disclosure.
3. That it will ensure that all files transmitted comply with the appropriate national Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) Transaction Set Implementation Guide, effect on the date of transmission, as provided by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) of 1996.

### **BOTH PARTIES agree:**

1. That documents or data, including production data, will not be considered as received and no responsibility assigned until accessible at the receiving party's computer.
2. That upon receiving any documents or data, including production data, to prepare and transmit a timely response or an acknowledgement of transaction receipt. If acceptance of a document or data is required, a document or data are not considered received until an acceptance acknowledgement is returned.
3. To notify the other party within a reasonable time frame if any transmitted data, including production data, are received in an unintelligible, garbled or otherwise unusable form.
4. That each party will provide and maintain the equipment, software, services, and testing necessary to transmit and receive documents or data, including production data, under this agreement.
5. To conduct business and perform as required by this agreement and any applicable rules or regulations.
6. That this agreement will remain in effect until terminated by either party with at least 30 days prior written notice. The notice will specify the effective date of termination, but will not affect the obligations or rights of either party prior to the effective date of termination. This agreement is automatically terminated in the event the trading partner or provider is disqualified through a federal administrative action or state action. That any document or data, including production data, transmitted according to this agreement will be considered an original and signed when received electronically.

Neither party will contest the validity or enforceability of signed documents under any applicable law concerning whether certain agreements must be signed in writing to be binding. Neither party will contest the admissibility of copies of signed documents under the business records exception to the hearsay rule, the best evidence rule, or the basis that the signed documents were not originated in documentary form.

- 7. That neither party will be liable for any special, incidental, exemplary, or consequential damages resulting from any delay, omission, or error in the electronic transmission or receipt of any document or data, including production data, even if either party has been advised such damages are possible.
- 8. That both parties will attempt, in good faith, to resolve any issues relating to this agreement.

By signing and dating this form, you are noting that you are authorized to sign this document on behalf of the indicated party and have read and agree to the foregoing provisions and acknowledge the same by so signing and dating.

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Authorized Signature

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Printed Name & Title

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Date



# AUTHORIZATION AGREEMENT FOR AUTOMATIC DEPOSIT

Point of Contact with Trillium Health Resources: \_\_\_\_\_

I hereby authorize Trillium Health Resources to initiate credit entries to my (Please **select one of two options**)  
Checking  
Savings

Account indicated below and the bank named below, hereinafter called DEPOSITORY, to credit the same to such account.

Depository Bank Name \_\_\_\_\_  
City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_  
Routing No. \_\_\_\_\_ Account No. \_\_\_\_\_

This authority is to remain in full force and effect until Trillium Health Resources has confirmed receipt of written notification of termination.

Vendor/Provider Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Contact Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Full Mailing Address \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_ Fax: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date \_\_\_\_\_ Signed \_\_\_\_\_  
Email address: \_\_\_\_\_

Please list any additional contacts requiring receipt of email for deposit notifications;

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_\_

**REQUIRED** - Please attach the following to your completed form;

- 🌿 Voided check or letter from the depository bank for authorization purposes
- 🌿 Current W9 Form with signature and date

Unless instructed otherwise, return completed form along with required documentation to:  
Email: [FinanceForms@TrilliumNC.org](mailto:FinanceForms@TrilliumNC.org)  
Fax: 252.215.6876 or  
Mail: 144 Community College Road, Ahoskie NC 27910

**If forms are incomplete they will be returned for corrections and this delays processing**

For internal use only:  
Name of requestor \_\_\_\_\_ Department: \_\_\_\_\_







By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting*, later, for further information.

**Note:** If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**Definition of a U.S. person.** For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

**Special rules for partnerships.** Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

**Foreign person.** If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515, *Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities*).

**Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien.** Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

**Example.** Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

## Backup Withholding

**What is backup withholding?** Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

**Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:**

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details),
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

## What is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

## Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

## Penalties

**Failure to furnish TIN.** If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

**Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding.** If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

**Criminal penalty for falsifying information.** Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

**Misuse of TINs.** If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

## Specific Instructions

### Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

**Note: ITIN applicant:** Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.

c. **Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C corporation, or S corporation.** Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

d. **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

### Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

### Line 3

Check the appropriate box on line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3.

IF the entity/person on line 1 is a(n) . . .	THEN check the box for . . .
• Corporation	Corporation
• Individual • Sole proprietorship, or • Single-member limited liability company (LLC) owned by an individual and disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC
• LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, • LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, or • LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner but the owner is another LLC that is not disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification. (P= Partnership; C= C corporation; or S= S corporation)
• Partnership	Partnership
• Trust/estate	Trust/estate

### Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

#### Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5—A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 8—A real estate investment trust
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
- 11—A financial institution
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 <sup>1</sup>	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 <sup>2</sup>
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

<sup>1</sup> See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

<sup>2</sup> However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

**Exemption from FATCA reporting code.** The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)

B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities

C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state

G—A real estate investment trust

H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940

I—A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)

J—A bank as defined in section 581

K—A broker

L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M—A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

**Note:** You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

### Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, write NEW at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

### Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

## Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

**Enter your TIN in the appropriate box.** If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

**Note:** See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester*, later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

**How to get a TIN.** If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at [www.SSA.gov](http://www.SSA.gov). You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at [www.irs.gov/Businesses](http://www.irs.gov/Businesses) and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. Go to [www.irs.gov/Forms](http://www.irs.gov/Forms) to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to [www.irs.gov/OrderForms](http://www.irs.gov/OrderForms) to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or SS-4 mailed to you within 10 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

**Note:** Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

**Caution:** A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

## Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

**Signature requirements.** Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

**1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983.**

You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

**2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983.**

You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

**3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

**4. Other payments.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

**5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

**What Name and Number To Give the Requester**

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account <sup>1</sup>
3. Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
4. Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor <sup>2</sup>
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee <sup>1</sup> The actual owner <sup>1</sup>
6. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner <sup>3</sup>
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
8. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity <sup>4</sup>
10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
11. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
15. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

<sup>1</sup> List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

<sup>2</sup> Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

<sup>3</sup> You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

<sup>4</sup> List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

\*Note: The grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

**Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft**

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

**Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.**

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to [phishing@irs.gov](mailto:phishing@irs.gov). You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at [spam@uce.gov](mailto:spam@uce.gov) or report them at [www.ftc.gov/complaint](http://www.ftc.gov/complaint). You can contact the FTC at [www.ftc.gov/idtheft](http://www.ftc.gov/idtheft) or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see [www.IdentityTheft.gov](http://www.IdentityTheft.gov) and Pub. 5027.

Visit [www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft](http://www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft) to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

## Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.